CERTIFIED ACCESS SPECIALIST PROGRAM

Division of the State Architect

Transcript of Public Workshop February 1, 2006

Marriott Irvine Hotel 18000 Von Karman Avenue Irvine, California

Facilitator

Salina Polston

DSA Staff

Rod Higgins Andreas Michael Mark Smith

Other Participants

Gary Kyle
Elaine Chen, Dale McIntosh Center
John Lonberg
JoAnne Sharp
Kimberley Wilder, Independent Living Center, Riverside County
Mary Jo Kadathy, Community Access Center, Riverside
Julia Reeves
Dennis Sharp
John W., Independent Living Center, Los Angeles
Jim Vitale

1 Welcome and Introductions

- 2 Ms. Salina Polston called the public workshop session to order at 1:00 p.m. She
- 3 explained that public comments will be taken in three different areas: certification
- 4 classifications and qualifications; expected knowledge and professional roles of certified
- 5 access specialists; and program oversight, public confidence, and handling of
- 6 complaints.

- 8 Mr. Rod Higgins said DSA has been developing the Certified Access Specialist program
- 9 for the past two years, and he expressed his appreciation to members of the staff for
- 10 their efforts.

2 Mr. Mark Smith noted the handouts include a description of the CASp program's history 3 and purpose. He apologized for being unable to notify all stakeholders in a timely

4 manner about this public workshop.

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6 Mr. Smith reported that about 130 people have contacted DSA already about becoming 7 certified access specialists.

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Certification Classifications and Qualifications

10 Mr. Smith said the CASp program's original Implementation Advisory Committee looked at six different certification classifications and eventually concluded it would be best to 12 launch the program with two classifications, one for specialists who identify problems, 13 Certified Access Investigators, and one for Certified Access Architects, or people who 14 solve the problems.

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Mr. Smith noted the experience requirements for Certified Access Investigators has been the topic of some discussion. He explained that under the proposed qualifications, plan reviewers and building inspectors would be eligible for consideration. He added that DSA hopes to create a separate classification for plan reviewers once the program gets underway.

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Mr. Smith drew attention to the proposed experience requirements. He said some people expressed concern that people with specific expertise in disabilities could be excluded, so DSA added a provision recognizing alternatives to traditional experience. He noted all applicants must take and pass the written certification examination.

1 Ms. Polston welcomed comments on the classifications and qualifications. She asked

speakers to come to the front of the room and identify themselves before speaking.

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4 Elaine Chen, Dale McIntosh Center, asked for more information on qualifications for

people with nontraditional backgrounds. Mr. Higgins said DSA recognizes there are

people already working as access specialists, plan reviewers, and surveyors who have

7 valuable expertise. Mr. Smith added that access specialists are sometimes hired by

independent living centers to provide advice about correcting problems and eliminating

9 barriers.

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11 Mr. Higgins noted DSA plans to require some training in sensitivity for all certified

12 access specialists. He welcomed independent living centers, disability organizations,

and people with disabilities to help DSA develop that program.

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Mr. Smith commented that there are logical reasons behind the current accessibility

provisions, and he encouraged collaboration as a way of making sure state regulations

17 address everyone's needs.

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19 Mr. Smith stated that when the CASp program was established, three broad objectives

were identified as ways to improve disability rights: 1) increase collaboration; 2)

improve clarity; and 3) ensure consistency.

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23 Ms. JoAnne sharp recommended looking at the training classes provided by the

Department of Rehabilitation, particularly the C.A.N. Program. Mr. Higgins said DSA

25 was aware of the C.A.N. Program and had obtained some of those materials.

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1 Mr. Smith explained that the intent of the sensitivity training was to ensure a basic

2 understanding of the needs and life situations of people with disabilities. He said DSA

envisioned a one-day seminar covering social protocols, ergonomic impacts, and

access issues for multiple disabilities. He reviewed the education and experience

requirements for people with nontraditional backgrounds.

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7 One member of the public indicated that the American Institute of Architects recently

published a white paper on universal design in schools. He recommended incorporating

their recommendations and work done by others.

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11 Mr. John W, Independent Living Center, Los Angeles, noted the architectural

12 community has failed to protect its clients from disability rights challenges. Mr. Smith

13 observed that although architects themselves have been reluctant to establish a

standard of care, the certification program will raise the bar and the standard will

15 change over time.

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Mr. John Lonberg expressed disappointment in the low number of workshop

participants, which he attributed to the lack of information and notice to the general

public. He said few people check DSA's Website regularly, and the meeting was

scheduled with little advance notice. He recommended holding a third workshop

meeting back in Southern California after notifying all affected stakeholders and

advocacy groups.

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Mr. Higgins stated that DSA plans to hold at least one or two additional meetings. He

25 invited people to add their names and contact information to DSA's mailing list.

1 One participant suggested the Inland Empire as a possible location. 2 3 Mr. Smith apologized that the staff was unable to provide more advance notification. He 4 explained that there have been recent cutbacks in staff and resources that have 5 affected the CASp program. Mr. Higgins welcomed outreach assistance from others. 6 7 Ms. Kimberley Wilder, Independent Living Center, Riverside County, expressed concern 8 that local building departments have not incorporated Title 24 into their building permit 9 processes, so non-complying structures are being constructed, inspected, and 10 approved. She asked how the CASp program can address these issues. 11 12 Ms. Mary Jo Kadathy, Community Access Center, Riverside, identified herself as an 13 advocate for systems change at an independent living center. She recommended 14 involving people at independent living centers who are already doing surveys for their 15 communities. She added that she shared Ms. Wilder's concerns about non-compliant 16 buildings. 17 18 Mr. Lonberg recommended that DSA send out notices to local building departments. 19 20 Mr. Higgins noted SB 1242 mandated training of building officials about accessibility, 21 and DSA put together a comprehensive program and invited all building departments in 22 the state to participate. 23 24 One person commented that small business in the state are frustrated about the lack of

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clarity in accessibility requirements.

1 Mr. Smith observed that the subject of most people's concerns appears to be excluding 2 people with nontraditional backgrounds who have valuable expertise. 3 4 Mr. Jim Vitale cautioned that building officials are already spread so thin they can 5 adequately enforce structural provisions and fire life safety standards; he said adding 6 access compliance will make the problem even worse. 7 8 Mr. Smith stated that certification of individuals alone will not achieve the desired effect. 9 He expressed his opinion that real change will occur over time as the plan review 10 process changes to include accessibility. 11 12 Ms. Wilder said government enforcement would be a major step in the right direction. 13 She noted enforcement is up to individuals and disability advocates now. She 14 recommended requiring confirmation of access compliance before occupancy. 15 16 Mr. Smith commented that new construction is generally compliant, and the major 17 problem lies with remodeling and retrofitting of existing buildings. 18 19 Ms. Polston proposed moving on to the next issue. 20 21 Expected Knowledge and Professional Roles of Certified Access Specialists 22 Mr. Smith said many of the provisions in these sections were developed by Mr. Michael 23 Mankin, who was unable to attend. He explained how DSA identified the knowledge, 24 skills, and abilities (KSA's) required of certified access specialists. He noted every

applicant must have an overall understanding of ADA law and disability rights, plus a

1 knowledge of how the prescriptive requirements in codes and standards can be

2 translated into performance requirements.

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4 Mr. Smith stated in defining the desired KSA's for the two certification classifications,

5 DSA conducted a detailed job analysis and then developed appropriate exam questions.

6 He noted the first group of certified specialists will have an opportunity to shape the

7 direction of the program and its regulations, and he welcomed their assistance. Mr.

8 Smith reviewed and discussed the KSA's identified so far.

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10 Mr. Smith explained the difference between a licensing program and a certification

program. He noted professional licenses confer a level of public confidence and

endorsement of the services provided, while certifications acknowledge an individual's

13 competence in a certain body of knowledge.

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Mr. Smith advised that the program reviewers rejected certain provisions as going

beyond what the enabling legislation allows in terms of certification. He noted DSA had

17 concerns about preventing abuses and ensuring accuracy in certified access specialists'

18 reports.

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Ms. Polston welcomed comments on these topics.

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Mr. Jim Vitale said there are not enough experts available. He asked how many people

in attendance had actually performed a formal evaluation of a public accommodation for

any purpose, and then he asked how many of those people conducted evaluations

without any code books or handbooks. He noted professional evaluators understand

the need to take code books, calculators, cameras, and levels to every job site. Mr.

1 Vitale urged DSA to reconsider requiring exam candidates to bring only pencils to the

2 test. He recommended an open-book test with calculators, and he suggested testing

on calculating slopes and other important aspects of evaluations.

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5 Mr. Smith observed that preparation for the exam entails experience over time, not just

taking a few weeks of classes. He said DSA is hesitant to define the specific types of

training needed to adequately prepare candidates for the exam. He added that

obtaining certification does not guarantee perfection in the work done by certified

access specialists; instead, it sets only a basic minimum level of knowledge and skills.

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11 Mr. Higgins recalled a forum in San Luis Obispo regarding ADA enforcement, at which a

12 Department of Justice representative asserted that ignorance is no excuse for violating

federal law. He said DSA hopes to develop an accessibility curriculum in conjunction

with architecture schools and community colleges. He noted the first CASp exam will

be offered once the regulations take effect, probably next June or July.

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Mr. Smith emphasized that certification represents a minimum competency level and

applies only to individuals, not buildings, without any guarantees. He added that

program administration might eventually move out of state government to a professional

organization, at least for some functions.

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Mr. Lonberg asked the staff to read and explain Section 101(b), defining the limits of

certification. He noted many building owners expect to have their buildings certified, so

the program's purpose needs to be made abundantly clear.

1 Mr. Smith commented that there might be follow-up legislation in the future allowing

certified access specialists to certify buildings, but the enabling legislation limits

3 certification to individuals now.

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5 One participant asked if DSA will issue a study guide before the first examination. Mr.

6 Smith responded that DSA plans to contract with an outside organization to administer

the exam. He said DSA will handle on-line registrations, and there will be test sites in

8 northern and southern California. Mr. Smith stated that the core knowledge exam will

be given on the first exam date. For the second session, the core knowledge exam will

be given in the morning, followed by the access architect exam in the afternoon.

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In terms of exam preparation, Mr. Higgins noted DSA's first concern in developing the

certification exam was to define job functions, identify necessary knowledge, skills, and

abilities, and then design an exam to test those items. He advised that the newly

established DSA Academy is developing classes on accessible plan review, scoping,

16 field investigation, and other related topics, but they will not be mandated. Mr. Higgins

said DSA may not endorse or require any particular training programs. He added that

CALBO and other organizations offer training as well.

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One participant asked if DSA intends to develop a manual or standard format for field

investigation reports. Mr. Smith noted that kind of guidance will likely come as a

standard of practice, or a generally accepted "best practice" once the certification

program becomes established. He said DSA wants to avoid being overly prescriptive,

but he recognized that standard formats and survey checklists might be helpful.

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Mr. Higgins talked about some of DSA's past training programs.

DSA will not implement this policy at the beginning.

1 2 Mr. Smith advised that the complaint procedures in the proposed regulations are similar 3 to those used by other state agencies. 4 5 Mr. Smith drew attention to the professional standards and ethical standards, noting that 6 these provisions have been significantly pared down. He said DSA's intent is to avoid 7 situations involving coercion, conflicts of interest, and confidentiality violations. He 8 noted DSA needs to specify some standards of conduct in order to cite them as reasons 9 for discipline. 10 11 Mr. Smith pointed out the professional standards require that any deficiencies identified 12 in certified access specialist reports must be supported with code references. 13 14 Mr. Smith reviewed highlights of Articles 5 through 8 of the proposed regulations. 15 16 Other Issues 17 Mr. Lonberg urged DSA to send notices of the public workshops to building officials, 18 building inspectors, plans examiners, and architectural groups statewide. Mr. Smith 19 said Mr. Mankin maintains a compendium of names and stakeholder organizations, and 20 he encouraged interested people to add their names to that list. 21 22 Mr. Higgins said DSA will send notices sometime during February regarding the next 23 session in southern California. He noted the northern California session will take place 24 in Oakland on February 7.

1 Mr. Smith remarked that videoconferences can be a good alternative to traveling to a 2 central place, and he encouraged participants to provide feedback to DSA on this 3 option. He said the CASp program's email address is casprogram@dgs.ca.gov, and a 4 link is provided on the DSA Website. 5 6 One person stated he had heard about possible legislation requiring commercial 7 properties to be brought into compliance with accessibility laws when leases change 8 hands. Mr. Smith said there was one proposal that would have required a survey 9 prepared by a certified access specialist whenever a commercial lease turned over, but 10 will not be enough certified specialists to meet that level of demand. 11 12 Mr. Smith noted Mr. Mankin prepared a written summary of pertinent legislation, and he 13 drew attention to that handout. He added that follow-up legislation regarding the CASp 14 program is very likely. 15 16 Mr. Lonberg said he was recently testifying in an access case involving a handicapped 17 parking space and adjacent access aisle, and the judge asked why the disabled person 18 could not have driven around to the other side of the store and parked in another lot. 19 20 One person reported that her organization was recently hired to provide an evaluation 21 report, and after receiving the report, the building owner expressed willingness to do 22 everything recommended. 23 24 Mr. Lonberg said certified access plan reviewers are required to become certified within 25 12 months after the program is implemented. Mr. Higgins confirmed that DSA intends

to expand the program to plan reviewers soon.

- 2 Participants expressed concern about the impact of certification on professional
- 3 insurance rates. Mr. Higgins said DSA is looking into this issue.

5 Adjournment

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- 6 Mr. Higgins thanked meeting participants for their comments and suggestions. There
- 7 being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 4:00 p.m.